

## Ares Global Credit Income Fund – Class A

APIR HOW4476AU

### Introduction

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This Target Market Determination (**TMD**) is required under section 994B of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**the Act**). This TMD describes the class of consumers that comprises the target market for the financial product and matters relevant to the product's distribution and review (specifically, distribution conditions, review triggers and periods, and reporting requirements). Distributors must take reasonable steps that will, or are reasonably likely to, result in distribution of the product being consistent with the most recent TMD (unless the distribution is excluded conduct).

This document is **not** a product disclosure statement (**PDS**) and is **not** a summary of the product features or terms of the product. This document does not take into account any person's individual objectives, financial situation or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the PDS for the product before making a decision whether to buy this product.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions which supplement this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product's PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained by contacting us on 1300 721 637 or on our website at [www.fidante.com.au](http://www.fidante.com.au).

### Target Market Summary

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The Fund primarily invests in a diversified multi-sector credit portfolio with a focus on providing investors steady monthly income from an actively managed portfolio of fixed income securities. This product is likely to be appropriate for a consumer seeking stable income with minimal risk of capital loss and to be used as a satellite to core component of their portfolio where the consumer has a low to medium investment timeframe and a medium risk/return profile.

### Fund and Issuer Identifiers

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Issuer	Fidante Partners Limited
Issuer ABN	94002835592
Issuer AFSL	234668
Fund Manager	Ares Australia Management Pty Ltd
TMD Contact Details	customeripp@challenger.com.au
Fund Name	Ares Global Credit Income Fund – Class A
ARSN	639123112
APIR Code	HOW4476AU
ISIN Code	AU60HOW44765
Market Identifier Code	N/A
Product Exchange Code	N/A
TMD Issue Date	28/01/2025
TMD Version	3
*Distribution status of fund	A

\*A = Available ; C = Ceased Distribution

## Description of Target Market

### TMD indicator key

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red and green rating methodology:

In Target Market	Not in target market
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### Instructions

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

### Investment products and diversification

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (for example, with an intended product use of minor allocation). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portion of the portfolio, rather than the consumer's portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a balanced or moderate diversified portfolio with a minor allocation to growth assets. In this case, a product with a High risk/return profile may be consistent with the consumer's objectives for that minor allocation notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is Medium. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).

The Financial Services Council (**FSC**) has provided more detailed guidance on how to take this portfolio view for diversification, available on the FSC website.



Consumer Attributes	TMD indicator	Product description including key attributes
Consumer's investment objective		
Capital growth		The Fund aims to provide stable monthly income with a focus on downside protection across various market cycles by investing in a diversified portfolio of credit assets. The Fund invests in a portfolio of global bonds, global syndicated loans (primary and middle market), global asset backed securities including but not limited to residential mortgage backed securities, commercial mortgage backed securities and collateralised loan obligations, derivatives, cash and cash equivalents.
Capital preservation		
Income distribution		
Consumer's intended product use (% of Investable Assets)		
Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)		The Fund has high diversification and aims to be fully invested in the global credit market.
Major allocation (up to 75%)		
Core component (up to 50%)		
Minor allocation (up to 25%)		
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)		
Consumer's investment timeframe		
Minimum investment timeframe	3 years	The suggested minimum investment timeframe for the Fund is at least 3 to 5 years.
Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile		
Low		The Standard Risk Measure for the Fund is Risk Band 4. Please refer to the Fund's PDS for full details on the risks associated with this Fund.
Medium		
High		
Very high		
Extremely high		
Consumer's need to access capital		

Within one week of request		The Product permits daily redemptions under normal circumstances and the Issuer is typically able to meet redemption requests within five business days under normal circumstances.
Within one month of request		
Within three months of request		
Within one year of request		
Within 5 years of request		
Within 10 years of request		
10 years or more		
At issuer discretion		N/A

## Appropriateness

The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market as described above, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table above are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

## Distribution conditions/restrictions

Distribution Channel	Distribution Condition	Distribution Condition Rationale
Direct (non-advised)	Consumers must read, consider, and accept the PDS before being able to access the product directly. The issuer will ask consumers applying via the online or physical application form questions to assist in understanding whether the product is suitable for the consumer, or whether a significant dealing has occurred.	These distribution conditions will make it likely that consumers who enter directly into the product are in the target market for that product.
Platform / Wrap	This product is available to consumers through platforms, IDPS IDPS-like scheme, nominee or custody service or any other trading platform.	As distributors, each platform has its own obligations to take reasonable steps that will or are reasonably likely to result in product distribution to consumers being consistent with the TMD.
Adviser	As distributors, advisers may only engage in product distribution where consumers have received personal advice and should only engage in retail distribution if they are reasonably satisfied that distribution of the product is necessary to implement personal advice given to the consumer.	Fidante considers that this distribution condition will make it likely that consumers who acquire the product through this channel will be in the target market as, under pt 7.7A of the Corporations Act, 'Persons providing personal advice must consider the consumer's individual circumstances and comply with the best interests' duty'.

## Review Triggers

- Material change to key attributes, fund investment objective and/or fees.
- Material deviation from benchmark / objective over sustained period.
- Key attributes have not performed as disclosed by a material degree and for a material period.
- Determination by the issuer of an ASIC reportable Significant Dealing that would reasonably suggest the TMD is no longer appropriate.
- Material or unexpectedly high number of complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product or distribution of the product.
- The use of Product Intervention Powers, regulator orders or directions that affects the product.

## Mandatory TMD review periods

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Review period	Maximum period for review
Initial review	15 Months
Subsequent review	27 Months

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## Distributor reporting requirements

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Reporting Requirement	Reporting Period	Which distributors this requirement applies to
Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating to the product. The distributor should provide all the content of the complaint, having regard to privacy.	As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days following end of calendar quarter.	All distributors
Significant dealing outside of target market, under section 994F(6) of the Act. See Definitions for further detail.	As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days after distributor becomes aware of the significant dealing.	All distributors

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If practicable, distributors should adopt the FSC data standards for reports to the Issuer. Distributors must report to the Issuer using [customeripp@challenger.com.au](mailto:customeripp@challenger.com.au)

## Definitions

In some instances, examples have been provided below. These examples are indicative only and are not exhaustive.

Term	Definition
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### Consumer's investment objective

Capital Growth	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to generate capital return over the investment timeframe. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets (such as shares or property) or otherwise seeks an investment return above the current inflation rate.
Capital Preservation	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to have low volatility and minimise capital loss. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments (this may include cash or fixed income securities).
Income Distribution	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to distribute regular and/or tax-effective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (this may include high dividend-yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).

### Consumer's intended product use (% of Investable Assets)

Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 100% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with very high portfolio diversification.
Major allocation (up to 75%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 75% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least high portfolio diversification.
Core Component (up to 50%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 50% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least medium portfolio diversification.
Minor Allocation (up to 25%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 25% of their total investable assets. The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least low portfolio diversification.
Satellite (up to 10%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 10% of the total investable assets. The consumer may seek a product with very low portfolio diversification. Products classified as extremely high risk are likely to meet this category only.
Investable Assets	Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the residential home.

### Portfolio diversification (for completing the key product attribute section of consumer's intended product use)

Note: exposure to cash and cash-like instruments may sit outside the diversification framework below.

Very Low	The product provides exposure to a single asset (for example, a commercial property) or a niche asset class (for example, minor commodities, crypto-assets or collectibles).
Low	The product provides exposure to a small number of holdings (for example, fewer than 25 securities) or a narrow asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, a single major commodity (e.g. gold) or equities from a single emerging market economy).
Medium	The product provides exposure to a moderate number of holdings (for example, up to 50 securities) in at least one broad asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, Australian fixed income securities or global natural resources).
High	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings (for example, over 50 securities) in multiple broad asset classes, sectors or geographic markets (for example, global equities).
Very High	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings across a broad range of asset classes, sectors and geographic markets with limited correlation to each other.

### Consumer's intended investment timeframe

Minimum	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding the product. Typically, this is the rolling period over which the investment objective of the product is likely to be achieved.
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## Consumer's risk (ability to bear loss) and return profile

This TMD uses the Standard Risk Measure (SRM) to estimate the likely number of negative annual returns for this product over a 20 year period, using the guidance and methodology outlined in the Standard Risk Measure Guidance Paper For Trustees (note the bands in the SRM guidance differ from the bands used in this TMD). However, SRM is not a complete assessment of risk and potential loss. For example, it does not detail important issues such as the potential size of a negative return (including under conditions of market stress) or that a positive return could still be less than a consumer requires to meet their investment objectives/needs. The SRM methodology may be supplemented by other risk factors. For example, some products may use leverage, derivatives or short selling; may have liquidity or withdrawal limitations; may have underlying investments with valuation risks or risks of capital loss; or otherwise may have a complex structure or increased investment risks, which should be documented together with the SRM to substantiate the product risk rating. A consumer's desired product return profile would generally take into account the impact of fees, costs and taxes.

Low	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• has a conservative or low risk appetite,</li><li>• seeks to minimise volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)), and</li><li>• is comfortable with a low target return profile.</li></ul> <p>The consumer typically prefers stable, defensive assets (such as cash).</p>
Medium	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• has a moderate or medium risk appetite,</li><li>• seeks low volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)), and</li><li>• is comfortable with a moderate target return profile.</li></ul> <p>The consumer typically prefers defensive assets (for example, fixed income).</p>
High	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• has a high risk appetite,</li><li>• can accept high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 5 or 6)), and</li><li>• seeks high returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).</li></ul> <p>The consumer typically prefers growth assets (for example, shares and property).</p>
Very high	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• has a very high risk appetite,</li><li>• can accept very high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 to 7 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6 or 7)), and</li><li>• seeks to maximise returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).</li></ul> <p>The consumer typically prefers high growth assets (such as high conviction portfolios, hedge funds, and alternative investments).</p>
Extremely high	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• has an extremely high risk appetite,</li><li>• can accept significant volatility and losses, and</li><li>• seeks to obtain accelerated returns (potentially in a short timeframe).</li></ul> <p>The consumer seeks extremely high risk, speculative or complex products which may have features such as significant use of derivatives, leverage or short positions or may be in emerging or niche asset classes (for example, crypto-assets or collectibles).</p>

## Consumer's need to access capital

Definition	<p>This consumer attribute addresses the likely period of time between the making of a request for redemption/withdrawal (or access to investment proceeds more generally) and the receipt of proceeds from this request under ordinary circumstances. Issuers should consider both the frequency for accepting the request and the length of time to accept, process and distribute the proceeds of such a request. To the extent that the liquidity of the underlying investments or possible liquidity constraints (e.g. ability to stagger or delay redemptions) could impact this, this is to be taken into consideration in aligning the product to the consumer's need to access capital. Where a product is held on investment platforms, distributors also need to factor in the length of time platforms take to process requests for redemption for underlying investments. Where access to investment proceeds from the product is likely to occur through a secondary market, the liquidity of the market for the product should be considered.</p>
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Significant dealings

Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning. The issuer will rely on notifications of significant dealings to monitor and review the product, this TMD, and its distribution strategy, and to meet its own obligation to report significant dealings to ASIC. Dealings outside this TMD may be significant because:

- they represent a material proportion of the overall distribution conduct carried out by the distributor in relation to the product, or
- they constitute an individual transaction which has resulted in, or will or is likely to result in, significant detriment to the consumer (or class of consumer).

In each case, the distributor should have regard to:

- the nature and risk profile of the product (which may be indicated by the product's risk rating or withdrawal timeframes),
- the actual or potential harm to a consumer (which may be indicated by the value of the consumer's investment, their intended product use or their ability to bear loss), and
- the nature and extent of the inconsistency of distribution with the TMD (which may be indicated by the number of red and/or amber ratings attributed to the consumer).

Objectively, a distributor may consider a dealing (or group of dealings) outside the TMD to be significant if:

- it constitutes more than half of the distributor's total retail product distribution conduct in relation to the product over the quarter,
  - the consumer's intended product use is solution/standalone,
  - the consumer's intended product use is core component or higher and the consumer's risk/return profile is low, or
  - the relevant product has a green rating for consumers seeking extremely high risk/return.
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