

Impax Global Opportunities Fund

ARSN 664 065 141 APIR HOW9619AU

Additional Information booklet
27 September 2023

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 **The information in this document forms part of the Impax Global Opportunities Fund Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) dated 27 September 2023.**

Glossary

Fund	Class A units in the Impax Global Opportunities Fund. No other class of units in the Fund is offered in this document.
Constitution	The constitution of the Impax Global Opportunities Fund, as amended from time to time.
Direct Investor	Investors accessing the Fund through an application submitted directly to Fidante. Also referred to as unitholders.
Fidante	Fidante Partners Limited, we, us, our, Responsible Entity.
Indirect Investor	Investors who access the Fund through platforms that are an investor directed portfolio service (IDPS) or IDPS like scheme.
TMD	Target Market Determination. This document outlines the features of the Fund and describes the type of customers who the product is likely to be appropriate for. It also specifies distribution conditions and restrictions that will help ensure the Fund is likely to reach customers in the target market.

Fidante Partners Limited (ABN 94 002 835 592, AFSL 234668) Fidante, we, our, us) is the Responsible Entity of the Impax Global Opportunities Fund (ARSN 664 065 141) and the issuer of this PDS. In preparing the information contained in this document we did not take into account your particular investment objectives, financial circumstances, or needs. As investors' needs and aspirations differ, you should consider the applicable PDS and TMD and whether investing in this Fund is appropriate for you in light of your particular objectives, financial circumstances or needs. You should also obtain independent advice before investing in the Fund, particularly about individual matters such as taxation, retirement planning, and investment risk tolerance.

Our ultimate parent is Challenger Limited (ABN 85 106 842 371). Fidante is a member of the Challenger Limited Group of companies (**Challenger Group**). Fidante is not an authorised deposit-taking institution (**ADI**) for the purpose of the Banking Act 1959 (Cth), and its obligations do not represent deposits or liabilities of an ADI in the Challenger Group (Challenger ADI) and no Challenger ADI provides a guarantee or otherwise provides assurance in respect of the obligations of Fidante. Investments in the Fund are subject to investment risk, including possible delays in repayment and loss of income or principal invested. Accordingly, the performance, the repayment of capital or any particular rate of return on your investments are not guaranteed by any member of the Challenger Group.

Additional information about investing

Initial Investments

Each person should obtain and consider the Fund's PDS, AIB and TMD before making a decision about whether to invest or continue to hold the Fund. A copy of the Fund's PDS, AIB and TMD can be obtained from your financial adviser, by calling the Fidante Investor Services Team on 1300 721 637, or at www.fidante.com.

Investments can be made from an account held in your name via direct debit, BPAY or electronic funds transfer. All direct debits and BPAY payments are subject to the Direct Debit Service Agreement and BPAY Service Agreement available on the Fidante website.

When you make your initial investment in the Fund, we will email you a confirmation letter and log-in details to the secure online portal InvestorServe where you can manage your investment. Please refer to 'Keeping you informed' for more information.

Direct Investors

You can invest in the Fund by following these easy steps:

- 1 Read and understand this PDS, AIB and the Fund's TMD all available on our website or in hard copy on request; and
- 2 Complete and submit the online application form on our website by clicking "Invest Online". Please note paper application forms are available on our website or on request.

Indirect Investors

If you are an Indirect Investor you must complete the documentation which the platform operator requires. Please contact the relevant platform operator directly with any enquiries.

Additional one-off investments

Once you have made your initial investment in the Fund, you can make additional one-off investments and/or regular monthly investments via the Regular Investment Plan.

Each person should obtain and consider the Fund's PDS, AIB and TMD before making a decision about whether to make additional investments in the Fund. A copy of the Fund's PDS, AIB and TMD can be obtained from your financial adviser, by calling the Fidante Investor Services Team on 1300 721 637, or at www.fidante.com.

Investments can be made from an account held in your name via direct debit, BPAY or electronic funds transfer. All direct debits and BPAY payments are subject to the Direct Debit Service Agreement and BPAY Service Agreement available on the Fidante website.

Direct Investors

You can make additional investments in the Fund by following these easy steps:

- 1 Read and understand this PDS, AIB and the Fund's TMD all available on our website or in hard copy on request; and
- 2 Complete and submit the online application form on our website by clicking "Invest Online". Please note paper application forms are available on our website or on request.

Indirect Investors

If you are an Indirect Investor you must complete the documentation which the platform operator requires. Please contact the relevant platform operator directly with any enquiries.

Regular Investment Plan

The Regular Investment Plan (RIP) enables you to invest in the Fund each month via direct debit from a nominated account held in your name.

Direct Investors

You can set up an RIP via our online application process.

Your nominated account will be debited on or around the next business day after the 14th day of each month for the specified amount. Your application to commence an RIP must be received at least three business days before the 14th day of the month in which you wish your instructions to take effect. Participation in the RIP will be renewed annually by continuing to make contributions.

Units will be issued on the basis of information contained in the PDS and this document current at the time the contributions are made. Should a replacement PDS or additional important information be issued, we will notify you and inform you of any changes or updates if you continue to participate in the RIP. You can amend, suspend, or cancel your RIP at any time.

You should ensure that we receive your instructions to amend, suspend or cancel your RIP at least three business days before the 14th day of the month in which you wish your instructions to take effect. Any request received after this may result in the change not being effective until the following month.

If two consecutive debits are dishonoured due to insufficient funds, we will suspend your RIP.

Please ensure you have considered the Fund's PDS, AIB and TMD before making a decision about whether to set up an RIP. A copy of the Fund's PDS, AIB and TMD can be obtained from your financial adviser, the Fidante Investor Services Team on 1300 721 637, or at www.fidante.com.

Indirect Investors

RIP is not available to Indirect Investors.

Incomplete or rejected application forms

Under the Fund's constitution, we can accept or reject any application for units and are not required to give any reason or grounds for such a refusal.

Monies from incomplete applications will generally be held on trust for a maximum period of 30 days in a non-interest bearing account commencing on the day we receive the monies. After this period, your funds will be returned to the source of payment.

Once we receive your completed application form, the monies held will be divided by the next determined unit price to calculate the number of units that will be allocated to you.

Customer Identification Program

Direct Investors

As part of the application process, we will electronically verify your identity (including, where applicable, the identity of any beneficial owners or related persons). If electronic verification can't be undertaken, we may ask you for additional identity verification documents and/or information.

In certain circumstances we may require the identity verification documentation to be certified.

Where the Application Form is signed under Power of Attorney we will also require a certified copy of the Power of Attorney document and a specimen signature of the attorney.

We may, where required, pass any information we collect and hold about you or your investment to the relevant government authority.

If any documentation requested by us is not in English, it must be accompanied by an original copy of an English translation prepared by an accredited translator.

If we do not receive all required valid customer identity verification information and/or documents, we will not be able to commence your investment. We will contact you as soon as possible if we require more information. We may also seek to re-verify your identity or collect additional information at any time after your investment has commenced.

Indirect Investors

Indirect Investors should refer to their platform operator for details of their customer identification program.

Additional information about withdrawing

How to make a withdrawal

Direct Investors

Direct Investors can request a withdrawal by lodging a Fidante Withdrawal Request Form or in writing. A withdrawal request, either in whole or in part, once received by us may not be withdrawn without our agreement. Withdrawals can only be made to an Australian bank account held in your name.

We will require the following information when you make your withdrawal request:

- your account number;
- the full name(s) in which your investment account is held;
- the amount (dollars or units) you wish to withdraw;
- method of payment; and
- a daytime telephone number.

If you originally invested via direct debit and you make a withdrawal within the first three months of making your investment, we will only pay the withdrawal proceeds to the account that was debited when making your initial investment.

Indirect Investors

You must complete the withdrawal documentation required by the platform operator.

Processing your withdrawal

While withdrawals are normally processed and paid within five business days of receiving your valid withdrawal request, we may take significantly longer than this in certain circumstances (please refer to 'Delay of withdrawal payments').

For Direct Investors, we can make withdrawal payments by direct credit to your nominated account. You agree that if the type of payment you request results in bank fees being charged, we may deduct those fees from your withdrawal proceeds before remitting the net amount to you.

Generally, if the payment for your withdrawal is returned to us and remains outstanding for 1 month, we may reinvest the proceeds in the Fund. Any reinvestment of a withdrawal amount will be processed using the investment unit price current at the time of the reinvestment transaction. For more information on unit prices, refer to 'How unit prices are calculated' below.

We may determine that some or all of the withdrawal amount consists of income (which may include net capital gains), rather than capital of the Fund.

We will advise you when this is the case as soon as practicable after the end of the financial year in which the withdrawal occurred.

We have the discretion to transfer assets referable to the Fund to you (instead of cash) in payment (partly or fully) of the proceeds of your withdrawal request less any costs for the transfer.

We have the right to compulsorily redeem units in issue, if we give at least 30 days prior written notice to affected investors.

Delay of withdrawal payments

Withdrawals are normally processed and paid within five business days of receiving a valid withdrawal request; however, we do not guarantee this timeframe and we may take significantly longer to pay withdrawals in certain circumstances.

Withdrawals may be delayed in the following circumstances:

- under the Fund's constitution, we have 21 days to satisfy a valid withdrawal request;
- under the Fund's constitution, we can suspend withdrawals for up to 60 days (refer to 'Suspending withdrawals' below);
- we can also spread withdrawal payments, generally over four months (refer to 'Spreading withdrawals' below); or
- if the Fund becomes illiquid, we are not required to pay withdrawals unless we offer to do so in accordance with the Corporations Act (refer to 'If the Fund becomes illiquid' below).

Where multiple delays are applicable, timeframes may apply cumulatively.

Additionally, if we did not receive all required identity verification documents at the time of investment or your withdrawal request is incomplete, we may not process your withdrawal request until these documents are received or further requirements are met.

Suspending withdrawals

We may suspend withdrawal requests for up to 60 days where:

- it is impracticable for us or we are unable to calculate the Fund's net asset value (and hence unit prices) for example because of:
 - an inability to value the assets of the Fund due to (without limitation) closure of, or trading restrictions or suspensions on, stock, commodities, futures or securities exchanges, or over-the-counter market on which any significant portion of the assets of the Fund are listed, quoted, traded or dealt, or due to an emergency, natural disasters, acts of terrorism, insurrection, civil disorder, war, military operations or other state of affairs, or on declaration of a moratorium in a country where the Fund invests (or the Fund has exposure through any assets of the Fund (including any derivative) in which the Fund invests) or under the Corporations Act;
- we reasonably estimate that we must sell 5% or more (by value) of all the Fund's assets to meet withdrawals;
- there have been, or we anticipate there will be, withdrawal requests that will require us to realise a significant amount of the Fund's assets that would be disadvantageous to remaining investors (such as placing capital gains tax burden on remaining investors or resulting in a material diminution in the value of the assets of the Fund);
- we reasonably consider it to be in the interests of investors to do so;
- where the Fund or a class is quoted, the units or units in that class is suspended or the trading of any units or units in a class is otherwise halted, interrupted or restricted by the ASX, or the trading of any units or units in a class on the ASX is subject to a period of deferred settlement trading, or there is a period which units are subject to a consolidation or division;
- where the Fund or a class is quoted, units or units in a class cease to be quoted; or
- the law otherwise permits.

Any withdrawal requests received during a period of suspension, or for which a unit price has not been calculated or confirmed prior to the commencement of a period of suspension, will be deemed to have been received immediately after the end of the suspension period.

Spreading withdrawals

Under the Fund's constitution, we may, if we consider it to be fair to all unitholders, spread the redemption of some or all of the relevant units across more than one redemption date. Generally, we may spread a withdrawal request where:

- we receive a withdrawal request for the value of 5% or more of the number of units on issue;
- we receive, on any day, withdrawal requests that in total represent 10% or more of the number of units on issue;
- there have been, or we anticipate that there will be, withdrawal requests for 10% or more of the total units on issue in the Fund and we consider that if those requests are met rapidly this may either place a disproportionate expense or capital gains tax burden on remaining investors or meeting the requests would impact negatively on the price we could achieve in selling Fund assets or otherwise disadvantage remaining investors.

When we spread withdrawals, we may determine that a withdrawal request is four separate requests, each for a quarter (or as close to a quarter as we determine) of the total number of units in the original withdrawal request.

Each of the four (deemed) withdrawal requests will be deemed to be received by us on the same business day of the month (or next business day, if not a business day or if that day does not occur in that month) in each of the four succeeding months following the original withdrawal request.

If the Fund becomes illiquid

If the Fund is not liquid (as defined in the Corporations Act), unitholders will only be able to withdraw from the Fund if we make an offer of withdrawal to unitholders. If we do make such an offer, unitholders may only be able to withdraw part of their investment. There is no obligation for us to make withdrawal offers.

Under the Corporations Act, the Fund is regarded as liquid if liquid assets account for at least 80% of the value of the assets of the Fund. Liquid assets generally include money in an account or on deposit with a bank, bank-accepted bills, marketable securities and property of the kind prescribed under the Corporations Act.

As at the date of this PDS, the Responsible Entity expects that the Fund will be liquid.

Additional information about transactions

Transferring ownership

Direct Investors

You can generally transfer some or all of your investment to another person in such a manner and subject to such conditions as required by law and that we, from time to time, prescribe. We are not obliged to register a transfer that does not meet these criteria, or where there is an amount payable to us by the transferee or the transferor (as applicable) in respect of the units being transferred. We recommend that you obtain your own professional advice regarding your position before transferring some or all of your investment, as tax and social security laws are complex and subject to change, and investors' individual circumstances vary.

Please contact us for further information about transferring units.

Indirect Investors

Contact the platform operator if you wish to transfer your units.

Transaction cut-off times

Direct Investors

Generally, if your valid investment or withdrawal request is received in our Sydney office before 3:00pm Sydney time on a New South Wales business day (referred to as the transaction cut-off time), it will usually be processed using the unit price determined as at the close of business on that day. If your valid investment or withdrawal request is received after the transaction cut-off time, or on a non-business day, it will usually be processed using the applicable unit price calculated as at the close of business on the next business day.

Indirect Investors

You should contact your IDPS operator for information regarding transaction cut-off times.

Online transacting terms and conditions

Direct Investors

You should understand that a person without your authority could login to your account via InvestorServe and, by pretending to be you, make changes to your account.

We take care when acting on instructions. In doing so, we have in place internal policies and procedures designed to reduce the risk that fraud may be committed in relation to your account. We currently only allow withdrawals to be made via the Fidante Withdrawal Request Form or in writing.

In using the online transacting facility, you agree that we are not responsible to you for any fraudulently completed communications and that we will not compensate you for any losses if we have complied with internal policies and procedures, and we have not been negligent, fraudulent or dishonest.

We will only act on completed communications that we receive.

If the details of the bank account quoted at the time of making a withdrawal do not match the nominated bank account we have on file, the withdrawal will not proceed. You can change your bank account details online via InvestorServe or in writing. If you lodge a withdrawal request within 90 days of changing your bank account on file, we will follow up with a call before processing the request.

We may cancel or vary these requirements by giving you notice in writing.

Indirect Investors

You should contact the platform operator for information regarding how to transact.

Changes to permitted transactions

We can vary the minimum investment amounts for the Fund at any time and can also change the application or withdrawal transaction cut-off time. Under the Fund's constitution, we can refuse applications for any reason. Where we consider it to be in the interests of unitholders (such as an inability to value the Fund), we may suspend application or withdrawal requests. Any application or withdrawal requests received during the period of suspension, or for which a unit price has not been calculated or confirmed prior to the commencement of a period of suspension, will be deemed to have been received immediately after the end of the suspension period.

How unit prices are calculated

Unit prices are determined in accordance with the Fund's constitution and are usually calculated each NSW business day. The calculation of both the investment unit price and the

withdrawal unit price is based on the net asset value (**NAV**) adjusted by the buy/sell spread. For information on buy/sell spreads, refer to 'Buy/sell spreads' in 'Additional information about fees and costs'.

For investment and withdrawal unit prices, the NAV is the value of all the Fund's assets attributed to the Fund less the value of the Fund's liabilities at the valuation time. When calculating the NAV, we must use the most recent valuations of the Fund's assets and the most recent determination of the liabilities. Where more than one class is on issue, the investment and withdrawal prices will be calculated for the relevant class using the NAV that is referable to that particular class.

The Fund's assets and liabilities are usually valued each NSW business day.

Generally, for unit pricing purposes, listed securities are valued using the last available market close price quoted on the relevant exchange. Other assets are generally valued at recoverable value. Any income entitlements, cash at bank, and any amount of Goods and Services Tax (**GST**) recoverable by the Fund from the Australian Taxation Office are also included in asset values used to calculate the investment and withdrawal unit prices.

Generally, for unit pricing purposes, liabilities are valued at cost. Liabilities also include an accrual for management costs (which includes management fees up to and including the calculation date) and for costs (if any) that an investor would ordinarily incur when investing in the Fund's underlying assets.

Where we receive a valid transaction request before the transaction cut-off time of 3:00pm (Sydney time) on a NSW business day, the unit price will generally be determined at the next valuation time after that transaction cut-off time. This is typically referred to as 'forward pricing'.

In rare circumstances, we may suspend unit pricing where, acting in accordance with our Responsible Entity obligations to unitholders, we consider it impracticable to calculate a NAV.

We have a Unit Pricing Permitted Discretions Policy. The policy sets out how we will exercise any discretions in relation to unit pricing (such as, for example, how often we determine unit prices and valuation methodology). If we depart from our policy, we are also required to record details of this departure. You can obtain a copy of this policy or any recorded departures free of charge by calling us.

Additional information about distributions

If we pay a distribution, as a Direct Investor you may choose to have your distribution reinvested in additional units in the Fund, or paid directly to your nominated account with an Australian financial institution. Unless you have indicated otherwise, we will reinvest your distributions.

As an Indirect Investor you should contact your IDPS operator for distribution payment or reinvestment options.

The price of units issued on reinvestment of distributions is the investment price for units next determined after the close of business on the last day of the distribution period. There is no buy/sell spread reflected in this investment price. The amount of each distribution may vary. Your share of any distribution depends on how many units you hold at the end of the relevant period as a proportion of the total number of units in the relevant class on issue at that time and the amount of distributable income referable to those units and that class.

As distributable amounts are a component of the unit price, unit prices normally fall by the distribution amount following a distribution.

The amount of income distributed each year will generally be the distributable income received by the Fund, unless we decide to distribute a different amount. Any net capital gains derived by the Fund during the financial year are generally distributed in the June distribution period.

If you invest just prior to a distribution payment, you may receive some of your investment back immediately as income. Conversely, if you withdraw from the Fund just before a distribution, you might turn income into a capital gain or reduce your capital losses.

Generally, if any distribution payments are returned to us and remain outstanding for 1 month, we may reinvest those distributions and amend your future distribution method to reinvest.

Generally, if any distribution payments made by electronic transfer of funds is unsuccessful three times, the money may be reinvested and your future distribution payment method will be updated to re-invest.

Any reinvestment of an unclaimed or returned distribution will be processed using the investment unit price current at the time of the reinvestment transaction.

Under the Fund's constitution, we have the power to make reinvestment of distributions compulsory. At the date of this document, we have no intention of making distribution reinvestment compulsory. We also have the discretion to transfer assets of the Fund to you (instead of cash) in payment (partly or fully) for a distribution amount.

If you wish to change your distribution payment instructions, please follow the process outlined below.

Direct Investors

Please log into InvestorServe to update your details.

Indirect Investors

Please contact your platform operator for the documentation required.

Keeping you informed

You can access your account information through the secure online access system InvestorServe, which is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. InvestorServe is a secure online service which provides access to up-to-date information about your investments.

Through InvestorServe you can:

- view your account balances and transaction histories;
- view all confirmations and statements relating to the Fund and your investment (this includes distribution and tax statements, transaction confirmations) ;
- view your annual periodic statement;
- view and change your contact details including banking details and distribution payment preference;
- select the way you would prefer us to communicate with you; and
- if applicable, set up, modify or cancel your Regular Investment Plan.

At any time, you may request a paper copy of any statement or confirmation by calling the Fidante Investor Services Team on 1300 721 637. We recommend that you check all statements and transaction confirmations carefully. If there are any discrepancies, please contact us or your financial adviser.

Indirect Investors

Please contact the platform operator for information regarding your investment in the Fund.

Keeping us informed

Direct Investors

Our records about you are important.

Please ensure your personal details on your account are up to date. You can update these details via InvestorServe at any time. This includes a new postal address, a change of name or new bank account details. We will send you confirmation of any changes that you request us to make to your personal details.

Indirect Investors

As an Indirect Investor, you should notify the platform operator of any changes to your personal details.

What happens if you choose not to disclose certain information?

If you choose not to disclose certain information, the following may apply:

- Account details: we will not be able to pay withdrawal proceeds or income distributions to you.
- Tax residency information: we may not be able to process your request, or we may be required to notify the ATO.
- Incomplete application form: unless otherwise agreed, we will not be able to process your investment request.
- If you do not provide all relevant identity verification documents, we will not be able to process your investment request.

For Australian resident investors, if you choose not to disclose your TFN, TFN exemption or ABN, we may have to deduct tax at the highest marginal tax rate plus Medicare levy (and any other levies we are required to deduct, from time to time) from any amounts attributed or distributed to you (refer to 'Tax File Number' in 'Taxation considerations').

Up-to-date information about the Fund

You can obtain up-to-date Fund performance, actual asset allocations and Fund size information from the Fund's regular report available at www.fidante.com.

A paper copy of any updated information will be given to you, without charge, on request by contacting us.

If the Fund is a "disclosing entity" under the Corporations Act, it will be subject to regular reporting and disclosure obligations. Copies of documents lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) in relation to the Fund may be obtained from, or inspected at, an ASIC office.

You can obtain copies of the Fund's most recent annual financial report by visiting the Fidante website. A paper copy of the Fund's annual financial reports, any continuous disclosure notices, and any half yearly financial report will also be given to you, without charge, on request.

As Responsible Entity of the Fund, we may be subject to continuous disclosure obligations that require us to make material information available to investors. You can obtain a copy of the Fund's continuous disclosure information by visiting the Fidante website.

How the Fund is governed

The Fund's Constitution, together with the Corporations Act and other laws, governs the way in which the Fund operates, including the rights, responsibilities and duties of the Responsible Entity and unitholders.

The Fund's constitution

The Fund's constitution contains the rules relating to a number of issues including:

- unitholder rights;
- the process by which units are issued and redeemed;
- the calculation and distribution of income;
- the investment powers of the Responsible Entity;
- the Responsible Entity's right to claim indemnity from the Fund and charge fees and expenses to the Fund;
- the creation of other classes of units; and
- the termination of the Fund.

The Fund's constitution allows for different classes of units to be established (this includes reclassifying a class as being the same as another class).

The Fund's constitution also grants us the power to quote a class of units (including Class A Units) in the Fund on a Securities Exchange.

Subject to the terms of the Fund's constitution, while a class is quoted, we may act as a market maker for the Fund to provide liquidity for the class of units quoted on a Securities Exchange and facilitate settlements on the Fund's behalf.

All rights, entitlements, obligations, assets, liabilities and calculations of a unit are referable to that class of units.

It is generally thought that unitholders' liabilities are limited to the value of their holding in the Fund. It is not expected that a unitholder would be under any obligation if a deficiency in the value of the Fund was to occur. However, this view has not been fully tested at law.

Unitholders can inspect a copy of the Fund's constitution at our head office or we will provide a copy free of charge, on request.

We may alter the Constitution if we reasonably consider the amendments will not adversely affect unitholders' rights. Otherwise (subject to any exemption under the law), we must obtain unitholder approval at a meeting of unitholders.

We may retire or be required to retire as Responsible Entity if unitholders pass a resolution approving our removal.

Termination

The Fund's constitution, together with the Corporations Act, governs how and when the Fund may be terminated. We may terminate the Fund at any time by written notice to unitholders. On termination, a unitholder is entitled to a share of the net proceeds of our realisation of the assets in proportion to the number of units they hold in the Fund.

Unitholder meetings

The conduct of unitholder meetings and unitholders' rights to requisition, attend and vote at those meetings are subject to the Corporations Act and (to the extent applicable) the Fund's constitution.

Compliance plan and compliance committee

We have lodged the Fund's compliance plan with ASIC and established a compliance committee for the Fund with a majority of external members. The compliance plan sets out how we will ensure compliance with both the Corporations Act and the Fund's constitution.

The compliance committee's role is to monitor compliance with the compliance plan. It must also regularly assess the adequacy of the compliance plan and report any breaches of the Corporations Act or the Fund's constitution to us. If we do not take appropriate action to deal with the breach, the compliance committee must report the breach to ASIC.

The Fund and the compliance plan are required to be audited annually.

Other parties

We have engaged a third party registry provider that is responsible for maintaining the register of unitholders which includes all details of an investor's account and investments. The registry provider is responsible for sending all correspondence related to unitholders investments as well as providing customer service support.

In addition we have also appointed a third party custodian to hold the assets of the Fund. The custodian has no independent discretion with respect to the holding of assets and is subject to performance standards.

We have also appointed a registered company auditor. The auditor's role is to provide an audit of the financial statements of the Fund each year, as well as performing a half-yearly review (if required), and to provide an opinion on the financial statements.

Additional information about the Fund's investments

About the Fund's risk level

The risk level, also known as the Standard Risk Measure, is based on the estimated number of negative annual returns that a managed investment scheme may experience in any 20-year period. In other words, it is a measure of the expected variability of the return of the Fund.

The Fund's anticipated risk level is 'High risk' – the Fund offers the potential for favourable levels of return over the long term but may exhibit high levels of volatility with the potential for some capital loss over the short to medium term. The estimated number of negative annual returns in any 20-year period based on this risk level is approximately between 4 and 6. Note that this is an estimate only. Negative annual returns may or may not occur in consecutive years and, should they be negative, the estimate does not indicate the size of the potential negative return (which may vary considerably from strategy to strategy).

The stated risk levels are based on industry guidance and are designed to allow investors to compare investments with different investment strategies and characteristics. However, investment managers and investment administrators may employ different methodologies to determine a risk level and therefore may not be representative of the same considerations. Furthermore, it is not a complete assessment of the risks of investing, nor does it indicate if an investment strategy is designed to meet an investor's investment objectives.

For further information, or to ask about the methodology for determining the risk level, please call the Fidante Investor Services Team.

Borrowings of the Fund

The Fund's constitution allows for borrowing; however, we will generally not borrow on behalf of the Fund, except from time to time to cover short-term cash flow needs or if emergency or extraordinary situations arise. Borrowings may be from a variety of sources, including related entities. Where funds are borrowed from related entities, the terms are set on a commercial and arm's length basis and will be for reasonable remuneration.

The availability and terms of borrowings are subject to the market for borrowings (including market conditions in debt and other markets) and therefore borrowings may not always be available. Lenders may refuse to provide borrowings, renew an existing borrowing facility or refuse to renew on commercially acceptable terms. This may be for reasons specific to the Fund or due to market-wide events.

We may change the lending financial institution (if any) from time to time and may also seek to vary the terms of any borrowing facility where it is believed it would be in the best interests of unitholders.

Asset allocation ranges

The Fund gains exposure to various investment markets and asset classes by investing into direct assets and/or indirectly via managed funds. References to asset allocations are references to the exposure of the Fund, not necessarily the physical unit or security held.

Refer to 'How we invest your money' for strategic asset allocations for the Fund.

If market movements, investments into or withdrawals from the Fund, or changes in the nature of an investment cause the Fund to exceed these asset allocations, or a limit set out in the PDS, this will be addressed by us or Impax as soon as reasonably practicable.

How the Fund uses derivatives

The term 'derivative' is used to describe any financial product that has a value that is derived from another security, liability, or index.

Other than for managing foreign exchange risk, the notional derivatives exposure of the Fund is limited to 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund. All derivative positions are backed by sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet all obligations, costs, liabilities associated with derivatives positions.

The Fund's constitution permits the use of derivatives; however Impax does not intend to gear the Fund through the use of derivatives. If market movements, investments into or withdrawals from the Fund, or changes in the nature of an investment result in the Fund being geared through derivatives, this will be addressed by Impax or us as soon as reasonably practicable. Where the Fund uses derivatives, Impax aims to manage the Fund so as to keep sufficient liquid assets in the Fund to meet all obligations associated with the derivatives.

The use of derivatives may expose the Fund to certain risks. Please refer to 'Derivative risk' for more information.

Labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations

The Responsible Entity (Fidante) does not itself take into account labour standards and environmental, social and ethical considerations for the purposes of selecting, retaining or realising investments.

The Responsible Entity has delegated investment decisions for the purposes of selecting, retaining or realising investments for the Fund to Impax who operates the Fund in accordance with the investment management agreement. Fidante's parent Challenger Limited is a member of the Principles for Responsible Investment Association (PRI), a leading promoter of responsible investment practices supported by the United Nations. Fidante incorporates environmental, social and governance considerations when selecting, appointing and monitoring investment managers. Fidante does not adhere to any particular set of labour standards, environmental, social and ethical considerations.

Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') analysis is an integral part of Impax's investment research process. When considering new investments for the Fund, all investee companies must meet financial and environmental, social and governance criteria before entering the Fund's investable universe. Through screening, the investment manager intends to avoid companies involved in significant controversies that violate global norms related to human rights, labour, environment and corruption, and through ESG analysis, the investment manager conducts a detailed, proprietary ESG

evaluation of new investee companies considered for the investable universe and reviews the ESG analysis on a periodic basis.

Impax has a policy of active engagement on ESG issues and regularly meets and engages with the management of investee companies in the course of the ongoing investment process, as well as regarding any specific issues of concern. The manager has also implemented specific management procedures applicable to sustainability-related controversies in investee companies.

Integrating ESG analysis into the investment process

1. Screening. Impax seeks to avoid companies involved in significant controversies that violate global norms related to human rights, labour, environment and corruption. Impax sources information about company involvement in these controversies from external ESG research providers. If Impax determines a company is the subject of significant normative controversies, it will be excluded from investment. Impax periodically reassess company involvement in ESG and normative controversies. Impax also generally seek to review their company universe for compliance with international sanctions, as applicable.

2. ESG analysis. Impax conducts a detailed, proprietary ESG analysis of new companies and issuers considered for the investable universe and review the ESG analysis on a periodic basis. Impax considers five main pillars within its ESG analysis:

- **Governance:** Impax analyses companies' governance structures, taking into account common and best practice in the areas of board structure, compensation, shareholder rights, internal controls and governance of sustainability.
- **Material Environmental, Social, and Other Risks:** Impax analyses companies' and issuers' environmental and social policies, processes and disclosures, in an effort to identify the most material risks. Materiality is defined as the sustainability issues or risks that may most materially disrupt a company's operations through financial, physical, or reputational loss or disruption. These risks can include: Resource use and dependencies, biodiversity risks, waste and pollution externalities, health and safety, supply chain complexities, and product liabilities including cyber risks and data privacy. Impax seeks investments in companies or issuers that have addressed the material risks with robust policies, processes, management systems and incentives that are scaled appropriately to the importance of the risk.
- **Climate Change:** Climate change is a systemic issue for all companies and this pillar assesses the preparedness, management, target-setting, performance and disclosures by companies in terms of both climate transition risks and physical climate risks.
- **Human Capital Management and Equity, Diversity & Inclusion:** Human capital and E, D&I are systemic and critical issues for all companies. This pillar assesses the management, target-setting, performance and disclosures by companies for aspects of diversity in leadership (gender, racial/ethnic diversity in board and management teams), workplace equity (hiring/retention efforts, goals, targets, disclosures), and human capital (talent pipeline, compensation/benefits and employee engagement).
- **Controversies:** This includes analysis of companies' past and on-going controversies, seeking strong processes and management systems to address and avoid any repeat events. Analysis includes types of controversies or incidents (repeats, reputational, financial, operational), severity (widespread, systematic, isolated incident), and timeframe and status of issues (ongoing, closed, company has responded or addressed).

Impax analyses company and issuer disclosures and reports themselves and uses external ESG research as input and support in their analysis. When all the data is gathered, Impax writes an ESG report and assigns a proprietary ESG score. Impax does not seek to exclude a certain number or percentage of companies or issuers, but rather seeks to ensure an absolute level of ESG quality. Where this is not achieved, a company or issuer is excluded from the investable universe.

The combination of the Impax Sustainability Lens, Impax's proven investment process and integrated ESG analysis directs Impax towards companies it believes have long-term opportunities in sectors that are less exposed to disruption and risk.

Fossil Fuel Definition

The Fund follows Impax's Fossil Fuel Definition.

The Impax Fossil Definition applies only to energy and utility activities, i.e. activities that are directly linked to fossil fuel exploration, production, refining, processing, storage, distribution and utility power generation. It does not apply to activities and sectors that may have indirect exposures to fossil fuels, such as automotives, transport, industrials and financials.

The criteria for exclusion is outlined below.

- **Thermal coal, oil and gas – Energy sector: exploration & production and refining & processing**

Companies with >0% revenue or profits (EBITDA) derived from direct fossil fuel activities identified above will be excluded from the portfolio.

- **Storage and distribution sector: storage & distribution**

Companies with >5% revenue or profits (EBITDA) derived from direct storage and distribution activities will ordinarily be excluded from the portfolio although companies may be included in the portfolio if the company has established itself as a leader in the transition to a zero-emissions energy economy with reduction targets, including Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3, that are compatible with the Paris Agreement's target of limiting future warming to 2 degrees celsius, and has agreed to publicly report on progress.

- **Utility power generation sector: coal, oil, natural gas**

Companies with >5% revenue or profits (EBITDA) derived from the power generation sector will ordinarily be excluded from the portfolio although companies may be included in the portfolio if the company has established itself as a leader in the transition to a zero-emissions energy economy with reduction targets, including Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3, compatible with the Paris Agreement's target of limiting future warming to 2 degrees celsius, and has agreed to publicly report on progress.

Ongoing monitoring

Impax monitors its investments on an ongoing basis which includes consideration of material industry risks and/or business strategy changes, as well as a company's associated ESG policies and practices. If a company in the portfolio no longer meets Impax's investment criteria, it will be sold from the portfolio.

For more information on Impax's ESG policy please contact info@fidante.com.au or access a link to the Impax ESG Policy [here](#)

Additional information about significant risks

The PDS summarises the significant risks associated with investing in the Fund. The below table includes further explanation of these risks.

Risk	Explanation
Concentration risk	The risk associated with a fund that concentrates its investments in a small number of securities or invests in a small subset of an asset class. The performance of such a fund tends to be more volatile than the performance of a more diversified fund because the concentrated fund's performance is affected to a greater extent by the performance of particular assets.
Cross-class liability risk	Where multiple classes of units are on issue in the Fund, while it is generally the case that all assets and liabilities of a unit in a particular class are referable to that class, each class is not a separate legal entity and accordingly, the assets and liabilities of each class will not be segregated. This means that all of the assets of the Fund are available to meet the liabilities of any given class even in circumstances where the assets applied to meet the class liability are not referable to that class. Such cross-class liability risk may arise where a liability is incurred in relation to a particular class but there are insufficient available assets referable to the class to meet that liability or where the losses sustained by that class are in excess of the assets referable to that class.
Currency risk	<p>Some investments held by the Fund may be denominated in a currency different to Australian Dollars. The value of these investments may fluctuate in Australian dollar terms because of fluctuations in currency exchange rates.</p> <p>As an example, a rise in the Australian dollar relative to other currencies may negatively impact investment value or returns. Conversely, a decline in the Australian dollar relative to other currencies may positively impact investment returns.</p>
Emerging market risk	<p>The Fund provides exposure to emerging markets. Emerging market risk refers to potential adverse political, economic or social developments affecting investment returns from these investments. Emerging markets are generally considered riskier than developed markets due to factors such as lower liquidity and unstable political environments that may lead to greater volatility in returns from such investments.</p> <p>This includes investing in companies in developing countries or investing in companies in developed countries with activities exposed to emerging markets. Investment returns can be more volatile than returns of developed markets due to the legal, political, business and social frameworks being less developed than those in more established market economies.</p> <p>Examples of heightened risks include political or social instability, less government regulation of business, stock exchanges and industry practices, government manipulation of currency or capital flows, inflation, deflation or currency devaluation, and greater sensitivity to interest rates and commodity prices.</p>
Equity security risk	<p>The value of an individual equity security (also known as a share) may be affected by market sentiment and other factors that may impact the performance of the actual company over short or extended periods of time. Investing in shares of a company will expose an investor to many of the risks to which the individual company is itself exposed. They include many factors, such as changes in management, technology, and a company's financial health, actions of competitors, regulators and market trends. Share markets tend to move in cycles, and the individual share price of a security may fluctuate.</p> <p>It could also include governance risks associated with the quality, effectiveness and process for the oversight of day-to-day management of companies in which the Fund may invest or otherwise have exposure. Such risks may arise in respect of the investee company itself, its affiliates or in its supply chain. The Manager depends in some cases on incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable data. In these instances, the Manager seeks to compensate by active management with investee companies directly. The risk remains that a company may be incorrectly included or excluded in the portfolio of the Fund.</p> <p>Equities may also be affected by dilutive equity issuance or changes to dividend policy.</p> <p>Investment returns from international shares are also affected by exchange rate fluctuations. The currency exposure from the Fund's international equity investment is unhedged to the Australian dollar. Refer to 'Currency strategy' under How we invest your money for more information.</p>

<p>Fund risk</p>	<p>Fund risk refers to specific risks associated with the Fund, such as termination, changes to fees, or changes in government policies (including taxation, investment sanctions, regulations and laws) that may affect the Fund or investors in the Fund. We may close the Fund to further investments if, for example, we consider it appropriate given the investment objective and investment strategy of the Fund. We may also terminate the Fund by notice to unitholders.</p> <p>Your investment in the Fund is governed by the terms of the constitution and the PDS of the Fund (each as amended from time to time), the Corporations Act (where applicable), and other laws. The value or tax treatment of an investment in the Fund or its underlying assets, or the effectiveness of the Fund's trading or investment strategy may also be adversely affected by changes in government policies (including taxation), regulations and laws, or changes in generally accepted accounting policies or valuation methods. Such changes could also make some investors consider the Fund to be a less attractive investment option than other investments, prompting greater than usual levels of withdrawals, which could have adverse effects on the Fund.</p> <p>There is also a risk that investing in the Fund may give different results from holding the underlying assets of the Fund directly because of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • income or capital gains accrued in the Fund at the time of investing; and • the consequences of investment and withdrawal decisions made by other investors in the Fund; for example, a large level of withdrawals from the Fund may lead to the need to sell underlying assets which would potentially realise income and/or capital gains. <p>We aim to manage these risks by monitoring the Fund and by acting in investors' best interests. In the event of winding up the Fund, we will realise all the Fund's assets, which will generally result in the crystallisation of tax positions (both income and capital) at that time.</p>
<p>Liquidity risk</p>	<p>Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not have adequate cash resources to meet its short-term financial commitments as they fall due (including meeting the Fund's objective and investors' expectations for payment of redemptions).</p> <p>Liquidity risk may also occur due to the absence of an established market or a shortage of buyers for an investment which can result in a loss if the holder of the investment needs to sell it within a particular timeframe.</p> <p>Liquidity risk can also occur due to pandemics and other widespread public health emergencies such as the outbreak of COVID-19 which may cause volatility and declines in markets for financial assets (refer to 'Market risk' below) which in turn may impact the liquidity of the Fund.</p> <p>Certain investments may be typically less liquid than other investments or pose a higher risk of becoming illiquid during times of market stress. The less liquid the investment, the more difficult it may be to sell the investment when it is desirable to do so or to realise what the investment manager perceives to be fair value in the event of a sale.</p> <p>If an investor or a group of investors in a fund with exposure to less liquid assets seek to make large withdrawals, then selling assets to meet those withdrawals may result in a detrimental impact on the price we receive for those assets. In certain circumstances, we may suspend or otherwise restrict withdrawals (refer to 'Withdrawal risk') to allow sufficient time for a more orderly liquidation of assets to meet the withdrawals.</p>
<p>Market risk</p>	<p>The Fund may experience investment losses due to factors that result in market volatility and disruption and affect the overall performance of the financial markets. These events may include changes in spreads, macro-economic, regulatory, social and political conditions, weather events, terrorism, changes in technology, the environment and market sentiment and pandemics and other widespread public health emergencies including outbreaks of infectious diseases such as COVID-19.</p> <p>Often assets from less developed regions or markets display higher levels of volatility of investment return than assets in mature markets.</p>
<p>Service provider risk</p>	<p>The Fund may be reliant on external service providers in connection with their operation, such as the custodian and registry provider. There is a risk with these arrangements that the service providers may default in the performance of their obligations or seek to terminate the services with the result that the Fund may be required to seek an alternative supplier and, in the interim, investment activities and other functions of the Fund may be affected.</p>
<p>Withdrawal risk</p>	<p>If a situation occurs where the assets that the Fund invests in are no longer able to be readily bought and sold, or market events reduce the liquidity of a security or asset class, there is a risk that the generally intended timeframe of 5 business days for meeting withdrawal requests may not be able to be met. This is because it may take longer to sell these types of investments at an acceptable price. In this case, withdrawals from the Fund may take significantly longer than the generally applicable timeframe and may need to be suspended (see 'Suspending withdrawals' for more information).</p> <p>The maximum timeframe in which we, as Responsible Entity, have to meet a withdrawal request is set out in the constitution of the Fund. Where the Fund is not liquid (as defined in the Corporations Act), you may only withdraw when we make an offer to withdraw to all investors, as required by the Corporations Act. Please refer to 'Additional information about withdrawing' for further information about an investor's ability to withdraw when the Fund is liquid, including the timeframes, and an investor's ability to withdraw if the Fund is not liquid.</p>

Important investment terms

Investment term	Explanation
actively managed	Refers to a style of portfolio management where the manager actively makes specific investments with the goal of outperforming an investment benchmark. Portfolio investment strategies are generally constrained within specific investment risk limits.
ADR	American depositary receipts are shares issued in the U.S. from a foreign company through a depository bank intermediary.
convertible notes	A debt security that can be converted into shares at the option of the holder or the issuer.
derivatives	Derivatives are a contract between two or more parties with a value based on an underlying asset. The value of Derivatives generally is derived from the performance of an asset, index, interest rate, commodity, or currency. Generally Derivative contracts are used to manage the risk associated with buying, selling, or trading assets with fluctuating prices. Futures, Options and swaps are all types of Derivative contracts.
EDR	European depositary receipts are shares issued in Europe. from a foreign company through a depository bank intermediary.
fundamental analysis	Fundamental analysis studies everything that can affect the security's value, including macroeconomic factors (like the overall economy and industry conditions) and individual specific factors (like the financial condition and management of companies).
futures	An agreement between two parties to buy or sell a specified quantity of a specified underlying asset, at a particular time in the future and at a price agreed when the agreement is made.
GDR	Global depositary receipts are shares issued by a company in a foreign country through depository bank intermediaries.
high conviction	Typically, high conviction investing means taking larger positions in fewer stocks relative to the Fund's benchmark and more traditional funds. Consequently, the Fund reflects more closely the investment manager's views on which securities are likely to achieve the Fund's investment performance objective. This style of investing is therefore generally subject to a higher level of concentration risk.
hybrid equity securities	A security that combines the elements of debt securities and equity securities. Hybrid equity securities pay a rate of return or a dividend until a certain date; at which point, the holder has a number of options including converting the securities into the underlying share.
partly paid shares	Where the full price for the share (par value) was not paid when the share was acquired. The issuing company can make a 'call' when it requires the remaining amount to be paid.
quantitative analysis	Quantitative analysis is a technique that uses complex mathematical and statistical modelling, measurement and research. By assigning a numerical value to variables, quantitative analysts try to replicate reality mathematically.
redeemable preference shares	Equity shares that may be bought back by the issuing company on a specified date or a specific period of notice.
Sustainable Investing	Investment and strategies that are aligned to the transition to a more sustainable economy. Activities with lower sustainability risks and higher opportunities are set to benefit from a transition to a more sustainable, low-carbon economy and are considered to be well positioned for the long-term. They are considered to be less at risk of disruption from new technologies, changing consumer preferences or legislation, to be well-positioned areas of the economy, and as such are sought and prioritised for investment in the Fund.
volatility	The extent of fluctuations in share prices, exchange rates and interest rates. The higher the volatility, the less certain an investor is of the return, and therefore volatility is one measure of risk.

Fees and other costs

This section shows fees and other costs that you may be charged. The information in this summary can be used to compare costs between different simple managed investment schemes. These fees and costs may be paid directly from your account or deducted from the returns on your investment. Taxes are set out in another part of this document. You should read all the information about fees and costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment.

Fees and costs summary

Impax Global Opportunities Fund		
Type of fee or cost	Amount ⁷	How and when paid
Ongoing annual fees and costs		
<p><i>Management fees and costs</i>^{1,2,3,4}</p> <p>The fees and costs for managing your investment</p>	<p>The management fees and costs of the Fund are 0.99% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund</p>	<p>The amount quoted is made up of the following three components:</p> <p>Management fees, which are calculated and accrued daily and paid monthly in arrears from the Fund's assets on or around the last business day of the month.</p> <p>Indirect costs (if any), which are deducted from the Fund's assets, accrued daily in the net asset value, and then paid as and when due.</p> <p>Recoverable expenses which may be abnormal operating expenses (if any) that, if charged, will be deducted from the Fund's assets, and paid as incurred; and/or normal operating expenses and investment expenses, which are paid out of the management fee.</p>
<p><i>Performance fees</i>⁵</p> <p>Amounts deducted from your investment in relation to the performance of the product</p>	<p>Nil</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
<p><i>Transaction Costs</i>⁶</p> <p>The costs incurred by the scheme when buying or selling assets</p>	<p>The net transaction costs are estimated to be 0.00% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund</p>	<p>Transaction costs are deducted from the assets of the Fund as and when they are incurred (where not otherwise recovered through the buy/sell spread).</p>
Member activity related fees and costs (fees for services or when your money moves in or out of the scheme)		
<p><i>Establishment fee</i></p> <p>The fee to open your investment</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
<p><i>Contribution fee</i></p> <p>The fee on each amount contributed to your investment</p>	<p>Nil</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
<p><i>Buy-sell spread</i></p> <p>An amount deducted from your investment representing costs incurred in transactions by the scheme</p>	<p>Estimated to be +0.20%/-0.20% of the investment or withdrawal amount</p>	<p>Charged at time of transaction and paid into the Fund when you invest in or withdraw from the Fund. The buy/sell spread is reflected in the unit price and is not separately charged to the investor.</p>
<p><i>Withdrawal fee</i></p> <p>The fee on each amount you take out of your investment</p>	<p>Nil</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
<p><i>Exit fee</i></p> <p>The fee to close your investment</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
<p><i>Switching fee</i></p> <p>The fee for changing your investment options</p>	<p>Nil</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>

- 1 Unless otherwise stated, all fees and costs are quoted gross of income tax and any Goods and Services Tax (GST) and reduced by any input tax credits (ITCs) or reduced input tax credits (RITCs) as applicable. Where available, the prescribed RITC rate is currently 55% or 75%, depending on the nature of the fee or cost incurred. Due to the impact of GST, ITC and RITC calculations, actual fees may vary slightly from those stated and may be rounded to two decimal places.
- 2 For certain wholesale clients (as defined in the Corporations Act) we may, at our discretion, negotiate, rebate or waive all or part of our fees. Please refer to 'Can fees be different for different investors?' in 'Fees and other costs'.
- 3 All estimates of fees and costs in this section are based on information available as at the date of this PDS and reflect the Responsible Entity's reasonable estimates of the typical fees for the current financial year. The costs component of management fees and costs is based on the Responsible Entity's estimate of the costs for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12-month period). All figures have been rounded to two decimal places. Please refer to Management fees and costs' under the heading 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' in the AIB for more information on management fees and costs.
- 4 Please refer to 'Other payments' under the heading 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' in the AIB for more information on costs that may be payable.
- 5 While a performance fee is chargeable under the constitution of the Fund, we have elected not to charge it. Please refer to 'Performance fee' under the heading 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' in the AIB for further information on performance fees.
- 6 Transaction costs are the costs associated with the buying and selling of the Fund's assets. These costs include brokerage, settlement costs, clearing costs, stamp duty and other government taxes or charges and include the transactional and operational costs incurred by the underlying assets. Transaction costs are recovered from the assets of the Fund as and when they are incurred. The transaction costs are based on the Responsible Entity's estimate of the costs for the current financial year, (adjusted to reflect a 12-month period).
- 7 'Nil' means there is an entitlement under the constitution but we have elected not to charge it. 'Not applicable' means there is no entitlement for us to charge this fee.

Additional explanation of fees and costs

Management fees and costs

The costs component of management fees and costs in the 'Fees and costs summary' is based on the Responsible Entity's estimate of the costs for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12 month period). All figures have been rounded to two decimal places.

You should refer to the Fund's website at www.fidante.com from time to time for any updates which are not materially adverse to investors.

The total management fees and costs for the Fund, outlined in the 'Fees and costs summary' above include the management fee, indirect costs and recoverable expenses. They do not include the performance fees (if payable), the Fund's buy/sell spread or the transaction costs of underlying assets (as set out below).

The Fund's management fees and costs are payable from the Fund's assets (generally those being referable to the relevant class) and are not paid directly from your account. Each of these are explained further below.

For details of the maximum fees permitted under the Fund's constitution, please refer to 'Maximum allowable fees'.

Management fee

This is the fee charged for managing the investments, overseeing the Fund's operations and providing access to the Fund. The management fee of the Fund is 1.00% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund. It is calculated and accrued daily as a percentage of the net asset value of the Fund and payable monthly in arrears.

Indirect costs

Indirect costs are those amounts paid from the assets of the Fund that we know or, where required, reasonably estimate will reduce, whether directly or indirectly, the return of the Fund or the amount or value of the income of, or property attributable to, the Fund or an interposed vehicle in which the Fund invests. Indirect costs do not include the management fee, performance fee, or recoverable expenses as set out in this section.

Indirect costs of the Fund are estimated to be 0.00% p.a. of the Fund's net asset value.

Recoverable expenses

Normal operating expenses

We currently pay the normal operating expenses of the Fund (e.g. custody fees, audit fees, accounting fees, legal and regulatory fees) from the management fee and will not, without notice, recover these from the Fund's assets.

Abnormal expenses

We may recover abnormal expenses (such as costs of unitholder meetings, changes to the Fund's constitution and defending or pursuing legal proceedings) from the Fund's assets. Whilst it is not possible to estimate such expenses with certainty, we anticipate that the events that give rise to such expenses will not occur regularly. In circumstances where such events do occur, we may decide not to recover these abnormal expenses from the Fund's assets.

The management fees and costs set out in the 'Fees and costs summary' above include abnormal expenses of 0.00% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund, which is the Responsible Entity's estimate of the costs for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12 month period). If abnormal expenses are charged, they will be recovered from the Fund's assets when they are incurred. As the Fund has not been in existence for a full 12 months there is no historic data available to guide any estimate of future abnormal expenses. Therefore, this amount may not be a good indicator of the typical ongoing abnormal expenses of the Fund in the future. The amount quoted is not an indication or guarantee of the amount that may be charged in the future. At the date of this PDS, there is no intention to hold a unitholder meeting nor are we aware of any legal proceedings the Fund may be a part of that may require us to recover associated abnormal expenses from the Fund.

Investment expenses

We currently pay the standard investment management costs of the Fund from the management fee.

Performance fee

While a performance fee is chargeable under the constitution of the Fund, the Responsible Entity has elected not to charge a performance fee.

Transaction costs

Transaction costs are the costs associated with the buying and selling of the Fund's assets. These costs include brokerage, settlement costs, OTC derivative costs, clearing costs, stamp duty and other government taxes or charges and include underlying security buy/sell spreads and the transaction costs incurred to acquire or sell the underlying assets.

The Fund's estimated gross transaction costs are 0.16% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund and are based on the Responsible Entity's estimate of the costs for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12-month period). The transaction costs shown in the 'Fees and costs summary' are net of any amount recovered by the buy/sell spread.

As the Fund has not been in existence for a full 12 months there is no historic data available to guide any estimate of future transaction costs. Therefore, this amount may not be a good indicator of the typical ongoing transaction costs of the Fund in the future.

The Fund's estimated net transaction costs (representing the total gross transaction costs minus the total amount recovered through the buy/sell spread of $+0.20\%/ -0.20\%$) are 0.00% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund, based on the Responsible Entity's estimate of the costs for the current financial year (adjusted to reflect a 12-month period).

Transaction costs are not included in the management fees and costs. Instead they are paid from the assets of the Fund as and when they are incurred and therefore (where not otherwise recovered through the buy/sell spread) are an additional cost to you.

Total fees and costs

Based on the estimated costs outlined in this section, the estimated total of the amounts for management fees and costs, performance fees and net transaction costs is estimated as 0.99% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund. The dollar figure of these estimated total management fees and costs, performance fees and net transaction costs based on an investment balance of \$50,000 is \$495.

Buy/sell spreads

The buy/sell spread is a type of transaction cost that the Responsible Entity may charge to investors to recover some or all of the transaction costs of the Fund. The purpose of the buy/sell spread is to ensure that only those investors transacting in the Fund's units at a particular time bear the Fund's costs of buying and selling the Fund's assets as a consequence of their transaction.

The buy/sell spread for the Fund is stated as a percentage of the investment or withdrawal amount and is the difference between the investment unit price and the withdrawal unit price. It reflects an estimate of the transaction costs expected to be incurred in buying and selling the Fund's assets as a result of investments and withdrawals made by investors.

This estimate may take into account factors such as (but not limited to) historical transaction costs and anticipated levels of investments and withdrawals. It is expected that brokerage will make up the vast majority of transaction costs.

The current buy/sell spread of the Fund is $+0.20\%/ -0.20\%$; however a different buy/sell spread may apply if the estimate changes.

We have discretion to waive or reduce the transactional and operational costs on investments or withdrawals where no or reduced costs are incurred. We will provide notification to unitholders of any changes to buy/sell spread transaction costs on the Fidante website.

Any difference between total gross transaction costs and the amounts recovered from the buy/sell spread from transacting investors is an additional cost that is borne by all investors of the Fund.

Please note that while the buy/sell spread is an additional cost to you, it is not a fee paid to us or Impax. It is paid to the Fund and is reflected in the Fund's unit price.

Buy/sell spread example

- The current buy spread on an investment in the Fund is $+0.20\%$. Therefore, the cost of an investment of \$50,000 into the Fund would be \$100.
- The current sell spread on a withdrawal from the Fund is -0.20% . Therefore, the cost on a withdrawal of \$50,000 from the Fund would be \$100.

Please note that this is just an example. In practice, actual transaction costs will depend on the amount you invest or withdraw.

Further information about fees and costs

Can fees be different for different investors?

Yes; we may negotiate, rebate, or waive fees for wholesale clients (as defined in the Corporations Act), where permitted by law. We do not negotiate fees with retail investors.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are the costs associated with borrowing money or securities. The Fund may enter into borrowing facilities and, if so, the costs of a borrowing facility would be deducted from the Fund and not paid for by us from the fees we receive. Borrowing costs are not part of transaction costs, and are not shown in the 'Fees and costs summary'.

Government charges and GST

Government taxes such as stamp duty and Goods and Services Tax (**GST**) may apply to the Fund or your investment. Unless otherwise stated, all fees and costs are quoted inclusive of any GST and net of any input tax credits (**ITCs**) or reduced input tax credits (**RITCs**) that are expected to be available to the Fund.

Where RITCs are available, the prescribed rate is currently 55% or 75% , depending on the nature of the fee or cost incurred. Please refer to 'Taxation considerations' for additional information on GST.

Other payments

We may pay fees from our resources to some platform operators because they make the Fund available through their investment service. These fees may be rebated to the Indirect Investor investing in the Fund through the service or in some circumstances may be retained by the operator and include:

- for each platform operator, product access payments of up to \$20,000 p.a.; and/or
- where permitted by law, fund manager payments of up to 0.55% p.a. of the amount invested in the Fund.

These payments are made from our own resources so that they are not an additional cost to the Fund or its unitholders.

Maximum allowable fees

The Fund's constitution allows certain maximum fees (see table below), and allows for expenses of the Fund (whether normal or abnormal expenses), such as registry, audit, taxation, advice, investment management and offer document costs to be paid directly from the Fund.

Fee	Maximum amount
Contribution fee (currently not charged)	5.00% of the contribution amount
Management fee (currently charged at 1.00% p.a.)	3.00% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund
Withdrawal fee (currently not charged)	5.00% of the withdrawal amount
Performance fee (currently not charged)	20% of the difference between the Fund's daily return (after fees and expenses and after adding back any distributions paid) and the performance benchmark (being the daily return of the MSCI All World Countries - Net Dividends Reinvested (AUD)).
Switching fee (currently not charged)	Contribution fee plus \$50 (CPI adjusted each year)

The Fund's constitution does not place any limit on the amount of the expenses that can be paid from the Fund.

Indirect (or alternative form) remuneration

We may provide benefits to other financial services intermediaries where the law permits. If we do, we will provide these benefits from our own resources so that they are not an additional cost to the Fund or its unitholders.

We maintain a register (in compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements) summarising alternative forms of remuneration that are paid or provided to Australian financial services licensees and/or their representatives. Registers are publicly available and if you would like to review our register, please contact us.

Can the fees change?

All fees can change without investor consent. Reasons for this might include changing economic conditions and changes in regulation. We will give unitholders 30 days' written notice of any proposed increase in fees. We cannot charge more than the Fund's constitution allows. If we wish to raise fees above the amount allowed for in the Fund's constitution, we would first need to obtain the approval of unitholders. We also reserve the right to waive or reduce any of the fees and costs described in this PDS without prior notice.

Tax

Information about tax is set out in the 'Taxation considerations' section.

Taxation considerations

How managed investment schemes are taxed

The Australian tax commentary below is of a general nature and is based on our understanding of the Australian tax laws, as at the date of this document, as they relate to Australian resident individual taxpayers who hold their investment on capital account. Any information contained therein should be used as a guide only and does not constitute professional taxation advice as individual circumstances may differ. Fidante is not a registered tax (financial) adviser and is not licensed or authorised to provide tax advice. We recommend that you obtain your own professional advice regarding your position, as tax and social security laws are complex and subject to change, and investors' individual circumstances vary.

Taxation of the Fund

The Attribution Managed Investment Trust (**AMIT**) legislation applies to qualifying Managed Investment Trusts (**MITs**) that make an irrevocable election to become an AMIT.

The Responsible Entity has elected for the Fund to be an AMIT.

An AMIT must attribute its taxable income to investors on a fair and reasonable basis, and investors are advised of their share of the taxable income via an AMIT Member Annual Statement (**AMMA Statement**). The Fund will generally not be liable to pay income tax on its taxable income on the basis that it will attribute all determined trust components (i.e. assessable income, exempt income and non-assessable non-exempt income) to members each year. If the Fund were to cease being an AMIT, it should also generally not be liable to pay income tax on the basis that unitholders are presently entitled to the Fund's distributable income.

Other key features of the AMIT regime include: income character retention; deemed fixed trust status; an ability for adjustments and errors at the trust level to be carried forward and dealt with in the year in which they are discovered; adjustments (upwards and downwards) made to investors' cost bases for CGT purposes, and their costs for revenue purposes, where there are differences between the amount distributed and the amount attributed on an AMMA Statement; and clarification of the treatment of tax deferred distributions.

The MIT capital account election regime permits eligible MITs to make an irrevocable election to adopt capital account treatment for certain types of assets (broadly shares, units and real property) for income years to which the election applies. An irrevocable election has been made in respect of the Fund and accordingly deemed capital treatment will apply in respect of the qualifying assets for the income years to which the election applies.

Additionally, there is arm's length income legislation that applies to MITs. Under this legislation, excess income generated by a MIT from non-arm's length arrangements may be determined to be subject to tax at 30%. It is not expected that the arm's length income provisions will impact the Fund.

The Taxation of Financial Arrangement (**TOFA**) provisions apply on a mandatory basis to qualifying taxpayers in respect of certain financial arrangements. Broadly, the TOFA provisions recognise certain gains and losses on financial arrangements on an accruals basis, which may result in a taxing point prior to the realisation of the investment. As at the date of this document, we, as Responsible Entity of the Fund, have not made an election to apply one of the elective methods under TOFA.

Tax losses incurred by the Fund will remain in the Fund and can be applied to reduce the Fund's income in future years (subject to the Fund satisfying the specific provisions of the trust loss carry forward legislation).

Tax position of Australian resident investors

You will generally be required to include in your assessable income your attributed income of the Fund. There may be instances where your attributed share of the taxable income of the Fund exceeds the distribution you receive from the Fund.

Where investors disagree with the allocation of taxable income in an AMMA Statement, they may give a 'member choice' to the Commissioner of Taxation. In the event investors make a member choice, the Fund's constitution provides that the investors will indemnify us for all costs and liabilities incurred as a result of the member choice.

CGT cost base reductions or uplifts may occur where taxable income attributed is either less than or greater than, respectively, the total of both cash distributed and tax offsets attributed for an income year. Where cost base reductions or

uplifts occur, this will affect the CGT position of the investment. For those investors who have a zero cost base in their units, or where the total cost base reduction amount exceeds the cost base of their units, a capital gain may arise to these investors for that year. Investors should maintain records of their cost base adjustments. You may also be entitled to tax offsets (franking credits and/or foreign tax offsets) attributed by the Fund. Provided investors satisfy certain provisions of the Tax Act, investors may be able to utilise these offsets against their tax liability on the taxable components of the distributions. In order to claim the amount of tax offsets, investors must include the amount of the offsets in their assessable income.

We will advise each investor of their share of tax offsets in the AMMA Statement.

The disposal of units (for instance by withdrawal or transfer) may give rise to a capital gains tax liability or a capital loss. Investors who have held their units on capital account for more than 12 months may be entitled to a capital gains tax discount.

Non-resident account holder reporting requirements

As a result of an increased international focus on account holder data exchange, a number of countries have legislated that financial institutions (which includes us) identify and report certain information about the financial accounts of investors. The regimes include the United States Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (**FATCA**) and the OECD's Common Reporting Standard (**CRS**). To comply with our obligations under various reporting legislation we will provide to the ATO such data as required in respect of your investment with us. This will be required if you are a US citizen or a foreign tax resident of any jurisdiction outside of Australia. If we have attempted to confirm your tax status with you but have been unable to do so, we may still be required to notify the ATO.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

GST is not payable on the issue, withdrawal or transfer of units in the Fund, as these are input-taxed financial supplies for GST purposes. However, GST will generally be incurred on various acquisitions made by the Fund, including the acquisition of investment management services. In certain specified circumstances, the Fund may be entitled to input tax credits (**ITCs**), or reduced input tax credits (**RITCs**) at the prescribed percentage of 55% or 75% depending on the acquisition. Any available ITCs or RITCs effectively reduce the non-recoverable GST cost incurred.

Tax File Number

On your application form you may provide us with your Tax File Number (**TFN**), or TFN exemption. Alternatively, if you are investing in the Fund in the course of an enterprise, you may quote an Australian Business Number (**ABN**). It is not compulsory for you to quote a TFN, exemption or ABN, but if you do not, we are required to deduct tax from your attributed or distributed amounts at the highest marginal tax rate plus the Medicare levy (and any other levies we are required to deduct, from time to time). The collection of TFNs is authorised, and their use is strictly regulated, by tax and privacy laws. Non-residents are generally exempt from providing a TFN, however may be required to provide other information.

How to exercise cooling-off rights

The repayment of your investment under the cooling-off right is subject to an adjustment for market movements (both positive or negative) during the period in which the investment has been held. We may also deduct a reasonable charge for our administration costs.

Direct Investors

If you are a Direct Investor and you wish to exercise the cooling off rights, we must receive your written instructions at our office before the expiry of the cooling-off period. This cooling-off right must be exercised within 14 days from the earlier of:

- when you receive confirmation of your investment; or
- the end of the fifth business day after the day on which your units were issued or sold to you.

Indirect Investors

If you are an indirect investor, you should seek advice from your financial adviser or platform operator about the cooling-off rights (if any) that might apply to your investment in or through the platform.

Wholesale clients

These cooling-off rights do not apply to wholesale clients (as defined in the Corporations Act). Please note that as an investor in the Fund you will not necessarily be a wholesale client for the purposes of the Corporations Act.

Privacy

We collect personal information from you and, if relevant, from your financial adviser. We may take steps to verify the information collected. Where you provide us with personal information about someone else (for example, your power of attorney, or related persons including the beneficial owners connected with your investment) you must have their consent to provide their personal information to us.

We will use your personal information to:

- process your application;
- provide and administer your investment and send you information;
- improve and personalise our products and services;
- conduct product and market research;
- inform you about other products and services that may be useful to you; and
- comply with our obligations under the law, including with respect of anti-money laundering, financial services and taxation laws.

If you decide not to provide certain information, we may not be able to process your investment or future withdrawal requests, or will have to deduct tax from any amounts attributed or distributed to you at the highest marginal tax rate plus the Medicare levy (and any other levies we are required to deduct, from time to time).

Disclosing your information

We disclose your information to your financial adviser. In addition, we may disclose information we hold about you:

- if you consent to the disclosure;
- if the disclosure is required or authorised by law;
- to our appointed registry services provider or organisations acting on our behalf (for example, external mail houses we may use to mail correspondence);
- to professional service firms that provide services to us such as legal and audit services, or data or information services;
- to related companies and/or the investment manager that may also provide you with a financial product or financial service;
- to electronic identity verification service providers, in order for identity information (about you or related persons connected with your investment) to be verified against relevant government and other databases, for the purpose of complying with anti-money laundering laws;

- in some circumstances, to digital service providers, such as Facebook, Google and LinkedIn, to develop a better understanding of our current and prospective customers and advisers (please refer to the Privacy Policy for additional information); or
- otherwise in accordance with our Privacy Policy. From time to time we or our related companies may contact you to tell you about other products and services that might be useful to you, including financial, superannuation, investment, insurance and funds management products and services. Please contact us if you do not want to receive any of this kind of marketing material.

For information on how you can correct or update the personal information we hold about you refer to 'Keeping us informed' in this AIB and our 'Privacy Policy' available at www.fidante.com and our third party registry providers privacy policy for more information.

Our Privacy Policy contains further details about our handling of personal information and about how you can request access to it or lodge a complaint if you believe your personal information has been misused, and how we deal with complaints.

We do not normally receive any personal information about you when you invest in the Fund through a platform operator. For details on the collection, storage and use of personal information by a platform operator you should contact them directly. The information we collect and store from platform operators is used to establish and administer its investments. If we do receive any personal information we will deal with it in accordance with our Privacy Policy.

Additional information about making a complaint

As part of our commitment to providing quality service to our Investors, we endeavour to resolve all complaints quickly and fairly. Our policy is to acknowledge any complaint within 24 hours or as soon as practical after receiving it and investigate, properly consider, and decide what action (if any) to take and to provide a final response to you within 30 calendar days for standard complaints. If you have a particular complaint regarding your investment, please do not hesitate to contact us by calling the Fidante Investor Services Team on 1300 721 637 or by writing or emailing to:

Complaints and Disputes Resolution Officer

C/- Fidante
GPO Box 3993
Sydney NSW 2001

E: info@fidante.com.au

If you are not satisfied with our response or how the complaint has been handled (or we have not responded within 30 days) you may contact the following external dispute resolution scheme.

The Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA)

GPO Box 3
Melbourne VIC 3001
Tel: 1800 931 678
www.afca.org.au

email: info@afca.org.au

AFCA provides fair and independent financial services complaint resolution that is free to consumers.

Indirect Investors may either contact the platform operator or us with complaints relating to the Fund. Complaints regarding the operation of the platform should be directed to them. If a complaint is first raised with the platform operator and an Indirect Investor is not happy with how the complaint has been

handled, the Indirect Investor will need to raise that with the platform operator or the platform operator's external dispute resolution service.

Contact details

Phone	Fidante Investor Services Team on 1300 721 637 or +612 8023 5428 from outside Australia between 8.15am to 5.30pm (Sydney time)
Email	info@fidante.com.au
Mail	Fidante GPO Box 3993 Sydney NSW 2001. For any complaints please address to the 'Complaints & Disputes Resolution Officer.'
Website	www.fidante.com .